Presentation: The millstone called 'risk management'

Risk Awareness Week 2019

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Our contention

Despite 'risk management' being a much-heard expression these days:

- 1. There is no agreement to the problem it is (ostensibly) solving
- 2. Even among those who advocate its adoption and practice (often to earn their living) it has no settled meaning, nor even clarity of purpose.
- 3. Its clumsy and ever-changing constructs and confected jargon complicates rather than improves decision making and, therefore, organisational performance

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Just ask yourself...

If 'risk management' is the answer, what was the question?

Important: you can't use the word 'risk' in your answer

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Mea Culpa

We ourselves contributed to this state of affairs over many years!

However, this has enabled us to explain:

- 1. How risk management started
- 2. How risk management has become a millstone around the necks of organisations that seek to apply it
- 3. Why it is not successful and cannot be remedied
- 4. Why it should be abandoned
- 5. How you might go about shedding this millstone

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In the beginning ...

- Decisions don't always deliver intended outcomes, and sometimes this adversely affects innocent parties or attracts public attention
- This has always been so and the response has always been the same – to find better ways of making decisions
- This search was strongest in those with the greatest interest in avoiding similar failings (e.g. governments and insurers)
- It began with simple solutions (e.g. the Plimsoll Line) to encourage 'better' methods of deciding
- The term 'risk management' was invented to label various efforts to avoid repeating mistakes

The risk management millstone Those with most to gain used their influence and power to drive adoption of 'risk management'

The millstone called 'risk management'

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Birth of the label 'risk management'

- Governments had legislative levers and insurers had contractual levers to specify what they required
- Others, promoting better decision-making, relied on education and advocacy and so elevated their ideas to the status of a *belief system*
- This needed a label the term 'risk management' suited them nicely
- Although having no precise or fixed meaning, 'risk management' became synonymous with methods to avoid mistakes and, implicitly, a greater awareness of uncertainty

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Characteristics of a belief system

- Apparently laudable (feel good) goals, yet no clear definition of the problem
- Unnatural approach, usually conflicting with reality
- Based on unvalidated assertions and concepts
- Dependent on confected jargon manifesting as real knowledge
- Defined by the label rather than what it means or involves
- Promoted with evangelical enthusiasm as if the name alone is an indispensable and fundamental truth
- Consequently, over time it acquires the status of an indispensable building block of life (alongside gravity, water and taxes) despite there being no general knowledge of what it was or meant to be

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And, it attract enthusiastic disciples

However, Deciders were sceptics, not believers

- An obvious disconnect between 'risk management' and what their organisations actually do
- Failed the 'what's in it for me' test
- 'Snake oil' no established academic or proven basis
- Few could or wanted to master the dubious jargon and concepts

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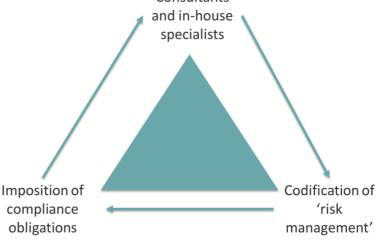
Yet, 'risk management' survived due to -

- 1. Emergence of a new breed of advocates (disciples) in the form of pseudo advisers and consultants
- 2. Codification of 'risk management' **standards**(These are very attractive to the disciples, creating the illusion of real knowledge while reducing their professional liability)
- 3. Legislative and commercial **compliance obligations** requiring 'risk management' generating further opportunities for the disciples

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'Risk management' edifices

- Belief system requires codified but distinctive organisational structures, methods and jargon.
- These are 'one size fits all' and thus are foreign to the functions and operating methods of virtually all endusers
- Because they are fundamentally flawed, few who try to adopt 'risk management' are successful
- Despite being rigid and unnatural, the edifices are expected to be 'integrated' into what the organisation does

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 The belief that such integration can be done successfully is wholly fanciful!

The millstone effect

- Trying to create and maintain these conflicting edifices is wearying, disruptive, costly (advisers, training, IT) and frustrating for all involved.
- Complex jargon which imposes a special meaning to many ordinary words, is a barrier to communication
- Because both the notion and paraphernalia of the edifices are deeply flawed, 'risk management' degrades rather than 'creates and protect value'
- Scant evidence that adopting risk management edifices (or even less coherently, employing 'risk functions') leads directly to improvements in organisational performance - especially when driven by legal and contractual compliance
- Creates a false sense of confidence that 'risk management' somehow leads to sound decisions, diverting attention from mastering this very challenge

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 'Risk management' is hindering rather than helping Deciders make sound decisions

Fundamental weaknesses

- Concocted expression no consistent meaning
- Not aligned to an organisation's individual character or context
- Not academically validated or even consistently used
- Creates an externality which must then be 'integrated'
- Reliant on arbitrary jargon (e.g. risk has 40+ meanings in ISO Standards)
- So complex that most don't get it
- Focuses on avoiding failure rather than achieving success

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Why abandon 'risk management'

- Not succeeding (inevitable)
- Not fixable
 - Will-o-the-wisp term
 - · Can't fix something that isn't real
 - Can't unscramble the egg
- Can't create knowledge from labels
- different result

Madness: doing the

same thing over and

over and expecting a

- Not credible doesn't pass the pub test
- Continues to absorb valuable resources
- Distracts from the real challenge, making sound decisions
- Unless abandoned, will continue as a millstone
- Compliance obligations can be removed or revised

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How to remove the millstone

- Just stop!
- Identify all the edifices and then dismantle.
- Make a clean break
- Shift whole focus to making sound decisions using plain language
- No need for new edifices at all. Decision-making is already main-stream
- Push back against 'risk management' compliance obligations – get them changed

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'Sound decisions' - a simple notion

- Are consistent with the organisation's purpose
- Provide sufficient certainty that the outcomes will be as intended over the life of the decision, according to their importance
- Achieved through thinking, looking around and having informed discussion, not by creating edifices!
- Contemplate potential for change

We'll be telling you more about this shortly in our new book

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